

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AB Complexes of a selected class of chiral **ligands** with general formula  $\text{CyN}-(\text{C}=\text{O})-\text{X}-\text{C}^*\text{R}_1\text{R}_3-\text{C}^*\text{R}_2\text{R}_4-\text{X}-(\text{C}=\text{O})-\text{CyN}$  ( $\text{X} = \text{O}, \text{NH}, \text{NR}$ ;  $\text{CyN} = \text{nitrogen contg. heterocycle}$ ) with **molybdenum, tungsten** or **chromium**, preferably **molybdenum**, are effective as catalysts in highly enantioselective and regioselective **alkylation** of allylic substrates. Such **comps.** provide a versatile and low-cost alternative to existing catalysts. Thus,  $\text{PhCH}:\text{CHCH}_2\text{OCO}_2\text{Me}$  reacts with  $\text{NaHC}(\text{CO}_2\text{Me})_2$  in refluxing THF in the presence of  $[(\text{EtCN})_3\text{Mo}(\text{CO})_3]$  and chiral **ligand**  $\text{N,N}'\text{-1R,2R-cyclohexanediybis(2-pyridinecarboxamide)}$  to give alkylated products in 88% isolated yield with a regioselectivity of 32:1 in favor of the branched  $(\text{S})\text{-PhCH}[\text{CH}(\text{CO}_2\text{Me})_2]\text{CH}:\text{CH}_2$  product (99% ee) over the linear product  $\text{PhCH}:\text{CHCH}_2\text{CH}(\text{CO}_2\text{Me})_2$ .

AN 1999:421592 CAPLUS

DN 131:101904

TI **Molybdenum bis(pyridinecarboxamide)** chiral **ligand** complex catalytic **compositions** and methods for asymmetric allylic **alkylation**

IN Trost, Barry M.; Hachiya, Iwao

PA The Board of Trustees of the Leland Stanford Junior University, USA; Chirotech Technology Limited

SO PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9932225	A2	19990701	WO 1998-GB3850	19981221
	WO 9932225	A3	19991104		
	W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	AU 9917711	A1	19990712	AU 1999-17711	19981221
PRAI	US 1997-68128		19971219		
	WO 1998-GB3850		19981221		
OS	CASREACT 131:101904; MARPAT 131:101904				

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AB **Alkylation** of  $\text{Cp}^*\text{Cr}(\text{THF})\text{Cl}_2$  ( $\text{Cp}^* = \text{pentamethylcyclopentadienyl}$ ) with 1 or 2 equiv of  $\text{LiCH}_2\text{SiMe}_3$  yielded the paramagnetic **Cr** alkyls  $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Cr}(\mu\text{-Cl})(\text{CH}_2\text{SiMe}_3)]_2$  (1),  $\text{Cp}^*\text{Cr}(\text{CH}_2\text{SiMe}_3)_2$  (2), and  $\text{Cp}^*\text{Cr}(\text{L})(\text{CH}_2\text{SiMe}_3)_2$  (3a,  $\text{L} = \text{py}$  (**pyridine**); 3b,  $\text{L} = \text{THF}$ ). Compd. 2 is a coordinatively unsatd., pseudo-five-coordinate  $\text{CrIII}$  complex with a 13-electron configuration, and it catalyzes the polymn. of ethylene. The thermal decompn. of 2 in noncoordinating solvents proceeded via an intermediate, the bis( $\mu\text{-alkylidene}$ ) complex  $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Cr}(\mu\text{-CHSiMe}_3)]_2$  (4). Compd. 4 suffered reductive elimination to yield the dinuclear  $\text{CrII}$  alkyl  $\text{Cp}^*_2\text{Cr}_2(\mu\text{-CH}_2\text{SiMe}_2\text{CH}_2\text{-}\mu\text{-CHSiMe}_3)$  (5). In contrast, the decompn. of 2 in THF, i.e., 3b, yielded the metallacycles  $\text{Cp}^*\text{Cr}(\text{L})[(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{SiMe}_2]$  (6a,  $\text{L} = \text{py}$ ; 6b,  $\text{L} = \text{THF}$ ). Compds. 1, 2, 3b, 4, and 5 were structurally characterized by x-ray diffraction. The reactions of 2 are rationalized in terms of competing  $\alpha\text{-}$  and  $\gamma\text{-H}$  elimination **processes** yielding terminal alkylidene and

metallacyclobutane intermediates existing in equil.

AN 1998:724720 CAPLUS  
DN 130:95641  
TI Structure and Reactivity of Trimethylsilylmethyl Complexes of  
**Chromium**, Including the 13-Electron Alkyl CpCr(CH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>  
AU Heintz, Robert A.; Leelasubcharoen, Somying; Liable-Sands, Louise M.;  
Rheingold, Arnold L.; Theopold, Klaus H.  
CS Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of Delaware, Newark,  
DE, 19716, USA  
SO Organometallics (1998), 17(25), 5477-5485  
CODEN: ORGND7; ISSN: 0276-7333  
PB American Chemical Society  
DT Journal  
LA English  
OS CASREACT 130:95641  
RE.CNT 44  
RE  
(2) Bhandari, G; Chem Eur J 1995, V1, P199 CAPLUS  
(3) Bhandari, G; Organometallics 1995, V14, P738 CAPLUS  
(4) Brookhart, M; Prog Inorg Chem 1988, V36, P1 CAPLUS  
(5) Cotton, F; Inorg Chim Acta 1990, V172, P135 CAPLUS  
(6) Fettingner, J; Organometallics 1996, V15, P4211 CAPLUS  
AL

> s l1 and metal

1064724 METAL  
518001 METALS  
1260282 METAL  
(METAL OR METALS)

L9 2 L1 AND METAL

=> s l1 and binding and metal

610721 BINDING  
1323 BINDINGS  
611018 BINDING  
(BINDING OR BINDINGS)

1064724 METAL  
518001 METALS  
1260282 METAL  
(METAL OR METALS)

L10 0 L1 AND BINDING AND METAL

=> s l1 and heterocyc? and metal

94108 HETEROCYC?  
1064724 METAL  
518001 METALS  
1260282 METAL  
(METAL OR METALS)

L11 0 L1 AND HETEROCYC? AND METAL

=> s l1 and (pyridine or pyrimidine) and metal

121252 PYRIDINE  
11571 PYRIDINES  
124830 PYRIDINE  
(PYRIDINE OR PYRIDINES)  
14 PYRAMIDINE  
4 PYRAMIDINES  
17 PYRAMIDINE  
(PYRAMIDINE OR PYRAMIDINES)

1064724 METAL  
518001 METALS  
1260282 METAL  
(METAL OR METALS)

L12 0 L1 AND (PYRIDINE OR PYRAMIDINE) AND METAL

=> s l1 and ligand

187944 LIGAND  
126904 LIGANDS  
257206 LIGAND  
(LIGAND OR LIGANDS)

L13 5 L1 AND LIGAND

=> d l9 1-2 abs bib hitstr

L9 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
AB Asym. induction in **metal**-catalyzed allylic alkylations with stabilized nucleophiles places severe demands on the nature of the inducing ligands because of the distal relationship between the incoming nucleophile and the chiral environment. A model invoking creation of chiral pockets led to the generation of a series of chiral and optically

active ligands derived from the com. available 1,1'-binaphthol. Asym. syntheses of nearly 70% enantiomer excess are accessible at practical operating temps. of 25-66.degree..

AN 1985:437000 CAPLUS  
DN 103:37000  
TI A model for **metal**-templated catalytic asymmetric induction via .pi.-allyl fragments  
AU Trost, Barry M.; Murphy, Dennis J.  
CS Dep. Chem., Univ. Wisconsin, Madison, WI, 53706, USA  
SO Organometallics (1985), 4(6), 1143-5  
CODEN: ORGND7; ISSN: 0276-7333  
DT Journal  
LA English

L9 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
AB Alkylation of (MeCO)2CH2 with allylic alcs. in the presence of Pd catalysts gave mono- and dialkylated products. E.g., (MeCO)2CH2 was treated with MeCH(OH)CH:CH2 in the presence of Ph3P and Pd(acac)2 (acacH = acetylacetone) (85-90.degree., 17 h, under N2) to give 41% (E)-(MeCO)2CHCH2CH:CHMe [(E)-I], 11% (Z)-I, 30% (MeCO)2CHCHMeCH:CH2, 12% (E,E)-(MeCO)2C(CH2CH:CHMe)2 [(E,E)-II], 5% (E,Z)-II, and 1% (Z,Z)-II.

AN 1982:34484 CAPLUS  
DN 96:34484  
TI **Metal** complexes in organic synthesis. V. Alkylations of pentane-2,4-dione with allylic alcohols under palladium catalysis  
AU Moreno-Manas, M.; Trius, A.  
CS Dep. Quim. Org., Univ. Auton. Barcelona, Barcelona, Spain  
SO Tetrahedron (1981), 37(17), 3009-15  
CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020  
DT Journal  
LA English

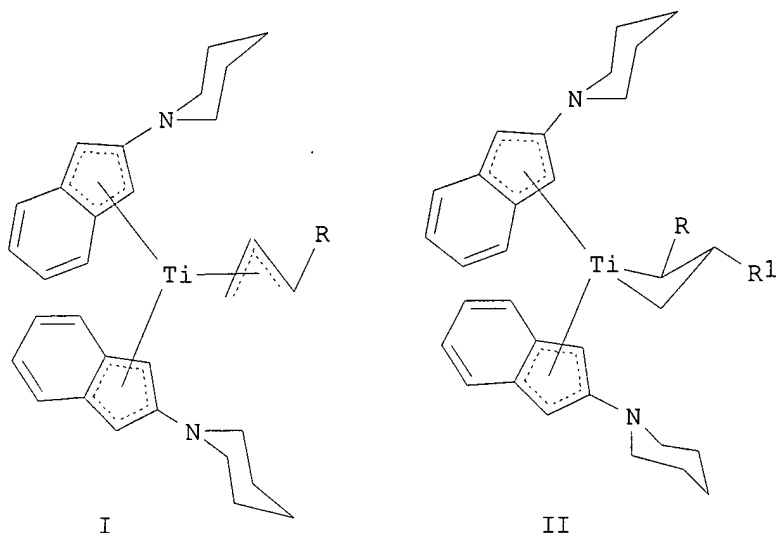
=> s l13 abs bib hitstr 1-5

MISSING OPERATOR L13 ABS

The search profile that was entered contains terms or nested terms that are not separated by a logical operator.

=> d l13 abs bib hitstr 1-5

L13 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
GI



AB In contrast to reactions of the bis(pentamethylcyclopentadienyl)titanium system, substituted allyl complexes of the electron-rich bis(2-piperidinoindenyl)titanium(III) template, e.g. I (R = Ph, Me) are converted to 2,3-disubstituted titanacyclobutane complexes, e.g. II (R = Me, Ph; R1 = iPr, cyclohexyl, tBu,) by free radical alkylation at the allyl central carbon. The crystal structure of I (R = Ph) was detd.

AN 1999:98050 CAPLUS

DN 130:252447

TI Titanacyclobutane Synthesis by Radical Alkylation of Substituted Allyl Complexes. The Use of Electron-Rich Bis(2-piperidinoindenyl)titanocene(III) Complexes to Control Allyl **Ligand** Reactivity

AU Carter, Charles A. G.; McDonald, Robert; Stryker, Jeffrey M.

CS Department of Chemistry, University of Alberta, Edmonton, AB, T6G 2G2, Can.

SO Organometallics (1999), 18(5), 820-822  
CODEN: ORGND7; ISSN: 0276-7333

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 130:252447

RE.CNT 32

RE

(1) Barsties, E; J Organomet Chem 1996, V520, P63 CAPLUS

(2) Blenkins, J; J Organomet Chem 1981, V218, P383 CAPLUS

(8) Casty, G; J Am Chem Soc 1995, V117, P7814 CAPLUS

(9) Chen, J; J Organomet Chem 1991, V407, P191 CAPLUS

(12) Girard, P; J Am Chem Soc 1980, V102, P2693 CAPLUS

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L13 ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AB The reaction of trans-[Mn(CN)(CO)(dppm)2] (dppm = (Ph2P)2CH2) with [Fe{P(OMe)2}(NO)2(.eta.-C3H4R)] R = H, 1-Me, or 2-Me) in THF results in allylic alkylation of the CN- **ligand** to give trans-[Mn(CO)(CNCH2CM:CH2)(dppm)2][PF6].cntdot.THF and trans-[Mn(CO)(CNCH2CH:CHR)(dppm)2][PF6].cntdot.THF (R = H, Me). The x-ray crystal structure of trans-[Mn(CO)(CNCH2CMe:CH2)(dppm)2][PF6].cntdot.THF shows that in the cation the Mn(I) atom has approx. octahedral coordination, with the CO and CNCH2CMe:CH2 **ligands** mutually trans, and chelating dppm **ligands** occupying the 4 equatorial sites. Crystal data: monoclinic, space group P21/c, a 11.459(2), b 20.075(5), c 20.309(3) .ANG., .beta. 95.50(1).degree., Z = 4, R = 0.083, R' = 0.097.

AN 1991:693499 CAPLUS

DN 115:293499

TI Allylic alkylation of coordinated cyanide; the synthesis and x-ray crystal structure of trans-bis[bis(diphenylphosphino)methane-.kappa.P,P']carbonyl(2-methylallyl isocyanide-.kappa.C)manganese hexafluorophosphate tetrahydrofuran(1/1)  
AU Connelly, Neil G.; Orpen, A. Guy; Rosair, Georgina M.; Worth, Gillian H.  
CS Sch. Chem., Univ. Bristol, Bristol, BS8 1TS, UK  
SO J. Chem. Soc., Dalton Trans. (1991), (7), 1851-4  
CODEN: JCDTBI; ISSN: 0300-9246  
DT Journal  
LA English

L13 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
AB Asym. induction in metal-catalyzed allylic alkylations with stabilized nucleophiles places severe demands on the nature of the inducing **ligands** because of the distal relationship between the incoming nucleophile and the chiral environment. A model invoking creation of chiral pockets led to the generation of a series of chiral and optically active **ligands** derived from the com. available 1,1'-binaphthol. Asym. syntheses of nearly 70% enantiomer excess are accessible at practical operating temps. of 25-66.degree..  
AN 1985:437000 CAPLUS  
DN 103:37000  
TI A model for metal-templated catalytic asymmetric induction via .pi.-allyl fragments  
AU Trost, Barry M.; Murphy, Dennis J.  
CS Dep. Chem., Univ. Wisconsin, Madison, WI, 53706, USA  
SO Organometallics (1985), 4(6), 1143-5  
CODEN: ORGND7; ISSN: 0276-7333  
DT Journal  
LA English

L13 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
AB Pd-catalyzed alkylation of Me<sub>2</sub>C:CHCH<sub>2</sub>OAc with dialkyl malonate anions gives the same product pattern as the stoichiometric alkylations of (.eta.<sup>3</sup>-3-methylbutenyl)palladium chloride and the corresponding cationic complex. Consequently, a (.pi.-allyl)palladium intermediate is probable in the catalytic reaction. According to NMR evidence, the reactive intermediate is an .eta.<sup>3</sup>- rather than an .eta.<sup>1</sup>-allyl complex. Acceptor **ligands**, even weak ones such as phosphines, have a strong electronic influence on the reaction, and direct the attack toward the more substituted position. The formal charge of the complexes is important to the reactivity, but when phosphines are present as acceptor **ligands**, the formation of cationic intermediates may not be necessary.  
AN 1984:175048 CAPLUS  
DN 100:175048  
TI Alkylation of (.pi.-allyl)palladium systems. Mechanism and regiocontrol  
AU Aakermak, Bjoern; Hansson, Sverker; Krakenberger, Bertil; Vitagliano, Aldo; Zetterberg, Krister  
CS Dep. Org. Chem., R. Inst. Technol., Stockholm, S-100 44, Swed.  
SO Organometallics (1984), 3(5), 679-82  
CODEN: ORGND7; ISSN: 0276-7333  
DT Journal  
LA English

L13 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
AB Allylic alkylation of alkyl-substituted .pi.-allylpalladium complexes requires enhancement of their electrophilicity by addn. of **ligands**. Phosphines and phosphites are preferred. The regiochem. of the alkylation as a function of **ligand** and .pi.-allyl complex is explored. Alkylation of cyclic compds. involves a strong preference for axial attacks.  
AN 1978:507270 CAPLUS  
DN 89:107270  
TI Allylic alkylation: nucleophilic attack on .pi.-allylpalladium complexes  
AU Trost, Barry M.; Weber, Lothar; Strege, Paul E.; Fullerton, Terry J.;

Dietsche, Thomas J.  
CS Dep. Chem., Univ. Wisconsin, Madison, Wis., USA  
SO J. Am. Chem. Soc. (1978), 100(11), 3416-26  
CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863  
DT Journal  
LA English

L13 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
AB Allylic alkylation of alkyl-substituted  $\pi$ -allylpalladium complexes requires enhancement of their electrophilicity by addn. of **ligands**. Phosphines and phosphites are preferred. The regiochem. of the alkylation as a function of **ligand** and  $\pi$ -allyl complex is explored. Alkylation of cyclic compds. involves a strong preference for axial attacks.  
AN 1978:507270 CAPLUS  
DN 89:107270  
TI Allylic alkylation: nucleophilic attack on  $\pi$ -allylpalladium complexes  
AU Trost, Barry M.; Weber, Lothar; Strege, Paul E.; Fullerton, Terry J.; Dietsche, Thomas J.  
CS Dep. Chem., Univ. Wisconsin, Madison, Wis., USA  
SO J. Am. Chem. Soc. (1978), 100(11), 3416-26  
CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863  
DT Journal  
LA English



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 NEWS 8 May 1 Searching Y2-K compliant Patent Numbers  
 NEWS 9 May 9 Sequence Similarity Batch Search in DGENE  
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 NEWS 15 Jun 28 NEWS 15 Jun 28 CAS covers Web-distributed preprints  
 NEWS EXPRESS FREE UPGRADE 5.0C NOW AVAILABLE  
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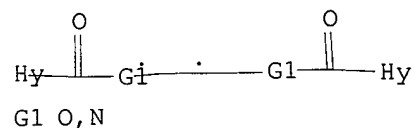
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L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

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L1 STR



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SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

1 ANSWERS

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BATCH \*\*INCOMPLETE\*\*  
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: EXCEEDS 1000000  
PROJECTED ANSWERS: EXCEEDS 2326

L2 1 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s l1 ful

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 16:27:43 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - >1,000,000 TO ITERATE

< 5.5% PROCESSED	55200 ITERATIONS	16 ANSWERS
< 10.7% PROCESSED	106892 ITERATIONS	37 ANSWERS
< 21.6% PROCESSED	215781 ITERATIONS	116 ANSWERS
< 25.4% PROCESSED	254169 ITERATIONS	120 ANSWERS
< 32.5% PROCESSED	325372 ITERATIONS ( 1 INCOMPLETE)	164 ANSWERS
< 36.0% PROCESSED	359738 ITERATIONS ( 1 INCOMPLETE)	173 ANSWERS

< 39.5% PROCESSED 394678 ITERATIONS ( 1 INCOMPLETE) 207 ANSWERS  
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INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)  
SEARCH TIME: 00.02.15

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*INCOMPLETE\*\*  
BATCH \*\*INCOMPLETE\*\*  
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: EXCEEDS 1000000  
PROJECTED ANSWERS: EXCEEDS 1465

L3 207 SEA SSS FUL L1

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FILE LAST UPDATED: 11 Jul 2000 (20000711/ED)

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=> s 13 and (Mo Or W or Cr or Molybdenum or Tungsten or Chromium)

81 L3  
336597 MO  
28652 MOS  
363033 MO  
(MO OR MOS)  
119 OR  
251473 W  
0 MO OR W  
(MO(W) OR (W)W)  
262524 CR  
983 CRS  
263198 CR  
(CR OR CRS)  
152547 MOLYBDENUM  
33 MOLYBDENUMS  
152551 MOLYBDENUM  
(MOLYBDENUM OR MOLYBDENUMS)  
118195 TUNGSTEN  
24 TUNGSTENS

118198 TUNGSTEN  
(TUNGSTEN OR TUNGSTENS)

234952 CHROMIUM  
68 CHROMIUMS  
234952 CHROMIUM

(CHROMIUM OR CHROMIUMS),

L4 5 L3 AND (MO OR W OR CR OR MOLYBDENUM OR TUNGSTEN OR CHROMIUM)

=> d 14 abs bib hitstr 1-5

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AB The synthesis of poly(amide-ester)s from 2,6-pyridine dicarboxylic acid and ethanolamine derivs. was studied using direct and indirect polycondensation techniques. Direct polycondensation with aminoalcs. gave polymers with a statistical structure. Polycondensation with an intermediate reactive compd., a bis(amide-alc.) which has only one type of functional group, produced a more regular and defined polymer chain. These new polymers contain pyridine rings linked by ester and amide groups in the main chain, groups known to have complexing abilities. Chelation attempts with various metals were done in order to evaluate their possible use as chelating resins. As the synthesized poly(amide-ester)s are insol. in water, solid/liq. extns. have been carried out and the resin sorption for mixt. of basic and/or precious metals were studied under various exptl. conditions (reaction time and hydrochloric acid concn.). The polycondensates are Au(III)-selective and their capacity and desorption characteristics were evaluated.

AN 1999:805121 CAPLUS

DN 132:108680

TI Synthesis of poly(amide-ester)s from 2,6-pyridine dicarboxylic acid and ethanolamine derivatives - investigation of the polymer sorption behavior towards heavy metal ions

AU Chevallier, Pascale; Soutif, Jean-Claude; Brosse, Jean-Claude; Grote, Manfred

CS Chimie et Physique des Materiaux Polymeres UMR 6515, CNRS - Universite du Maine, Le Mans, F-72017, Fr.

SO React. Funct. Polym. (1999), 42(2), 129-146  
CODEN: RFPOF6; ISSN: 1381-5148

PB Elsevier Science B.V.

DT Journal

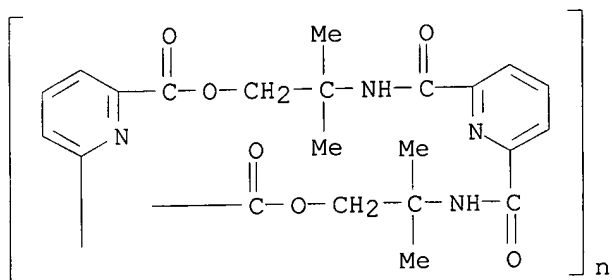
LA English

IT 255851-63-9P 255851-68-4P 255851-70-8P

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)  
(synthesis of poly(amide-ester)s from 2,6-pyridinedicarboxylic acid chloride and ethanolamine derivs. and their sorption behavior towards heavy metal ions)

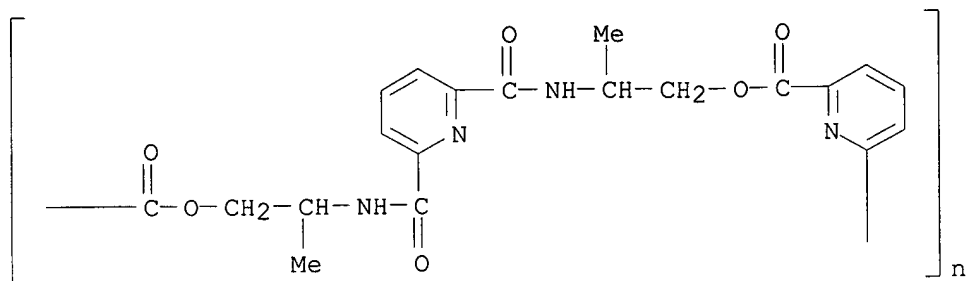
RN 255851-63-9 CAPLUS

CN Poly[2,6-pyridinediylcarbonyloxy(2,2-dimethyl-1,2-ethanediyl)iminocarbonyl-2,6-pyridinediylcarbonylimino(1,1-dimethyl-1,2-ethanediyl)oxycarbonyl]  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



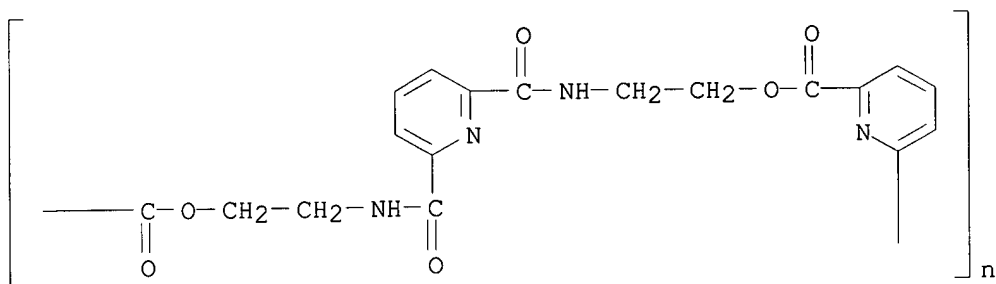
RN 255851-68-4 CAPLUS

CN Poly[2,6-pyridinediylcarbonyloxy(2-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)iminocarbonyl-2,6-pyridinediylcarbonylimino(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)oxycarbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 255851-70-8 CAPLUS

CN Poly(2,6-pyridinediylcarbonyloxy-1,2-ethanediyliminocarbonyl-2,6-pyridinediylcarbonylimino-1,2-ethanediylloxycarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

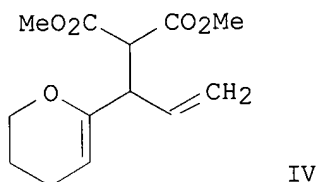
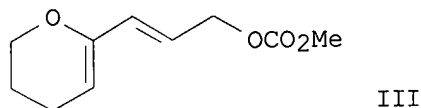
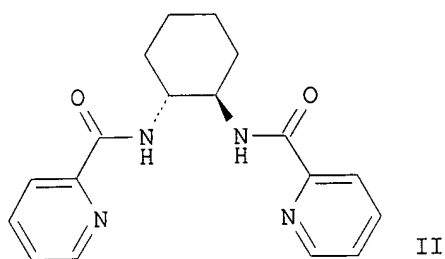


RE.CNT 14

RE

- (2) Chessa, G; React Polym 1990, V12, P219 CAPLUS
  - (3) Chessa, G; React Polym 1991, V14, P143 CAPLUS
  - (4) Chevallier, P; Eur Poly J 1998, V34, P767 CAPLUS
  - (6) Grote, M; Anal Chim Acta 1985, V172, P223 CAPLUS
  - (7) Grote, M; Anal Chim Acta 1985, V175, P239 CAPLUS
- ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
GI



AB The title reaction was examd. using  $(\text{EtCN})_3\text{Mo}(\text{CO})_3$  (I) as catalyst and several diamine ligands. Thus, reacting  $\text{PhCH:CHCH:CHCH}_2\text{OCO}_2\text{Me}$  with  $(\text{MeO}_2\text{C})_2\text{CH}$  using I and diamine II gave  $(\text{MeO}_2\text{C})_2\text{CC}(\text{CH:CH}_2)\text{CH:CHPh}$  in 98% ee. Polyenyl carbonate III gave diester IV in 96% ee after 1.5 h.

AN 1999:680946 CAPLUS

DN 132:78124

TI Regio- and enantioselective **molybdenum**-catalyzed alkylations of polyenyl esters

AU Trost, Barry M.; Hildbrand, Stefan; Dogra, Kalindi

CS Department of Chemistry, Stanford University, Stanford, CA, 94305-5080, USA

SO J. Am. Chem. Soc. (1999), 121(44), 10416-10417  
CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

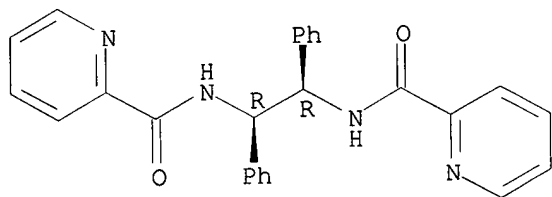
OS CASREACT 132:78124

IT **230312-36-4**  
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)  
(regio- and enantioselective **molybdenum**-catalyzed alkylation of polyenyl esters)

RN 230312-36-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, N,N'-[(1R,2R)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2-ethanediyl]bis-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 20

RE

- (1) Adams, R; J Am Chem Soc 1979, V101, P2570 CAPLUS
- (2) Andersson, P; J Org Chem 1991, V56, P5349 CAPLUS
- (3) Faller, J; J Organomet Chem 1990, V383, P161 CAPLUS
- (4) Faller, J; Organometallics 1988, V7, P1670 CAPLUS
- (6) Glorius, F; Org Lett 1999, V1, P141 CAPLUS

## ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AB The reaction of  $\text{Co}_2(\text{CO})_8$  and  $[\text{Cl}_3\text{CC}(\text{O})\text{OCH}_2]_2$  gave a novel double tetrahedral cluster compd. ( $[(\text{CO})_9\text{Co}_3(\mu_3\text{-C})\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OCH}_2]_2$  1) contg. two tetrahedral skeletons ( $\text{Co}_3\text{C}$ ) linked by a  $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OC}(\text{O})$  bridge. The reaction of 1 with different mol. ratios of  $\text{Na}[\text{M}(\text{CO})_3\text{C}_5\text{H}_4\text{R}]$  [ $\text{M} = \text{Mo}, \text{W}; \text{R} = \text{H}, \text{C}(\text{O})\text{Me}$ ] gave the one-step exchange products  $(\text{CO})_9\text{Co}_3(\mu_3\text{-C})\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OC}(\text{O})(\mu_3\text{-C})\text{Co}_2\text{M}(\text{CO})_8(\text{C}_5\text{H}_4\text{R})$  [ $\text{M} = \text{Mo}, \text{R} = \text{H}$  (2);  $\text{M} = \text{Mo}, \text{R} = \text{C}(\text{O})\text{Me}$  (3);  $\text{M} = \text{W}, \text{R} = \text{H}$  (4);  $\text{M} = \text{W}, \text{R} = \text{C}(\text{O})\text{Me}$  (5)] or the two-step exchange products  $[(\text{C}_5\text{H}_4\text{R})(\text{CO})_8\text{Co}_2\text{M}(\mu_3\text{-C})\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OCH}_2]_2$  [ $\text{M} = \text{Mo}, \text{R} = \text{H}$  (6);  $\text{M} = \text{Mo}, \text{R} = \text{C}(\text{O})\text{Me}$  (7);  $\text{M} = \text{W}, \text{R} = \text{H}$  (8);  $\text{M} = \text{W}, \text{R} = \text{C}(\text{O})\text{Me}$  (9)]. By treating 5 or 9 with  $\text{Na}[\text{Mo}(\text{CO})_3\text{C}_5\text{H}_5]$  in 1/2 mol. ratio, the compd.  $(\text{C}_5\text{H}_5)(\text{CO})_8\text{Co}_2\text{Mo}(\mu_3\text{-C})\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OC}(\text{O})(\mu_3\text{-C})\text{CoMoW}(\text{CO})_7(\text{C}_5\text{H}_4\text{C}(\text{O})\text{Me})(\text{C}_5\text{H}_5)$  (10) or  $[(\text{C}_5\text{H}_5)(\text{C}_5\text{H}_4\text{C}(\text{O})\text{Me})(\text{CO})_7\text{CoMoW}(\mu_3\text{-C})\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OCH}_2]_2$  (11) which have one or two chiral tetrahedral skeletons ( $\text{CoMoWC}$ ) were obtained. Compds. 1-11 were characterized by C/H analyses, IR and  $^1\text{H}$  NMR. The results indicate that the  $\text{Co}(\text{CO})_3$  group in different cluster cores has a different reactivity in a metal exchange reaction. The crystal structure of compd. 1 was detd. by single-crystal x-ray diffraction methods. The crystal belongs to monoclinic system with space group,  $\text{P}2_1/\text{n}(\#14)$  and lattice parameters,  $a = 0.933\ 0(2)$  nm,  $b = 1.519\ 7(4)$  nm,  $c = 1.178\ 3(4)$  nm,  $\beta = 91.16(2)^\circ$ ,  $Z = 2$ ,  $F(000) = 972$ .

AN 1999:562241 CAPLUS

DN 131:299543

TI Synthesis and characterization of new double tetrahedral transition metal clusters

AU Zhang, Jie; Chen, Xue-Nian; Ding, Er-Run; Yin, Yuan-Qi

CS Lanzhou Inst. Chem. Phys., Chin. Acad. Sci., Lanzhou, 730000, Peop. Rep. China

SO Gaodeng Xuexiao Huaxue Xuebao (1999), 20(8), 1172-1178

CODEN: KTHPDM; ISSN: 0251-0790

PB Gaodeng Jiaoyu Chubanshe

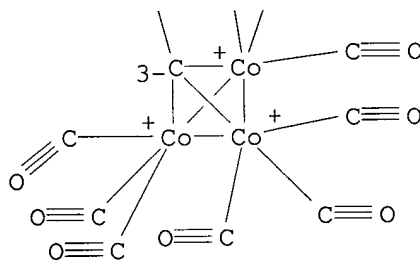
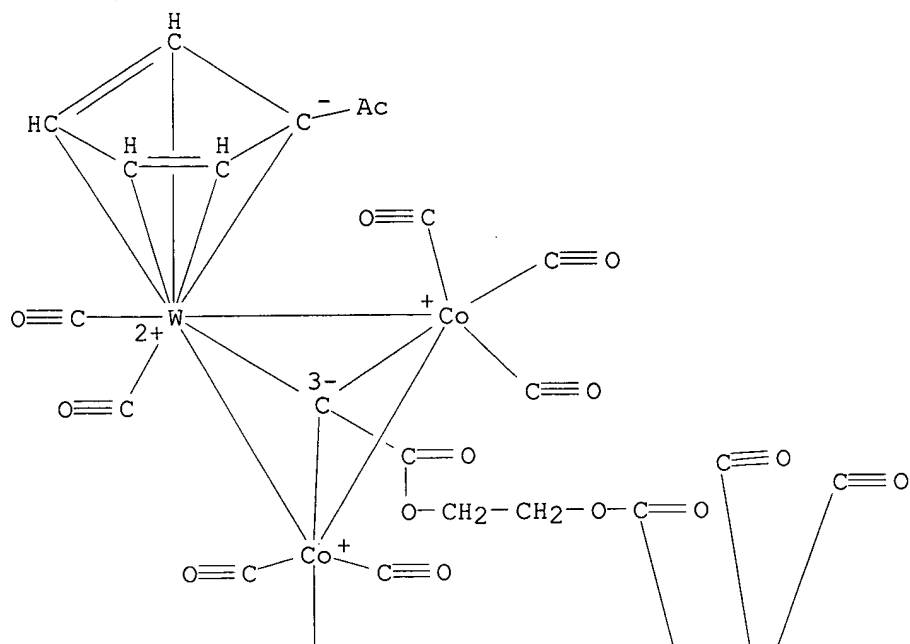
DT Journal

LA Chinese

IT **247064-05-7P 247064-12-6P**  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. and reaction with cyclopentadienylmolybdenum salt complex)

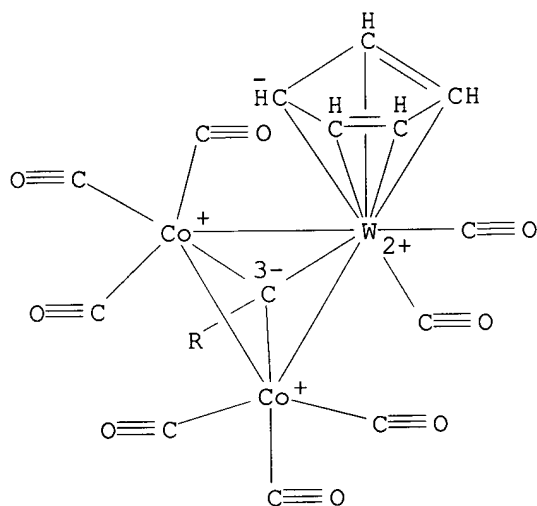
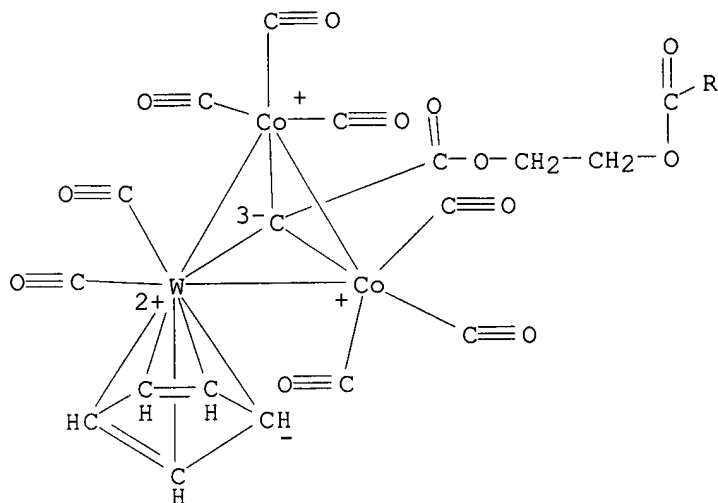
RN 247064-05-7 CAPLUS

CN Tungsten,  $[(1,2,3,4,5\text{-}\eta)\text{-1-acetyl-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl}]_2\text{dicarbonyl}[\mu_6\text{-}\{1,2\text{-ethanediylbis[oxo(2-oxo-2-ethanyl-1-ylidene)]}\}](\text{pentadecacarbonylpentacobalt})\text{-}, (\text{4Co-Co})(\text{2Co-W})(\text{9CI})$  (CA INDEX NAME)

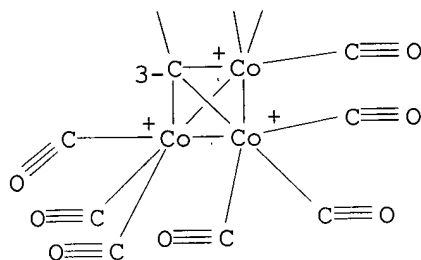
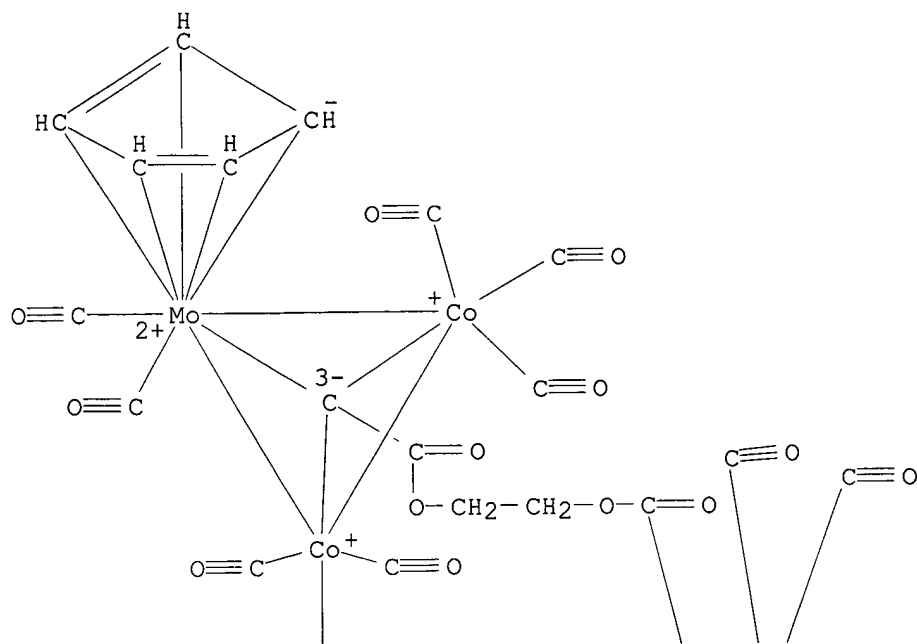


RN 247064-12-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Tungsten, tetracarbonylbis(.eta.5-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl)[.mu.6-[1,2-ethanedithiolylbis[oxy(2-oxo-2-ethanyl-1-ylidene)]]]bis(hexacarbonyldicobalt)di-, (2Co-Co)(4Co-W) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

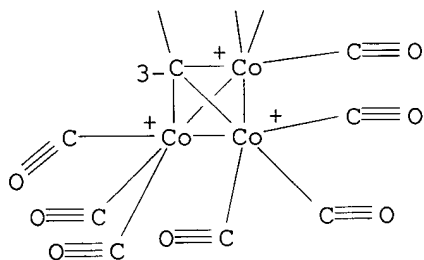
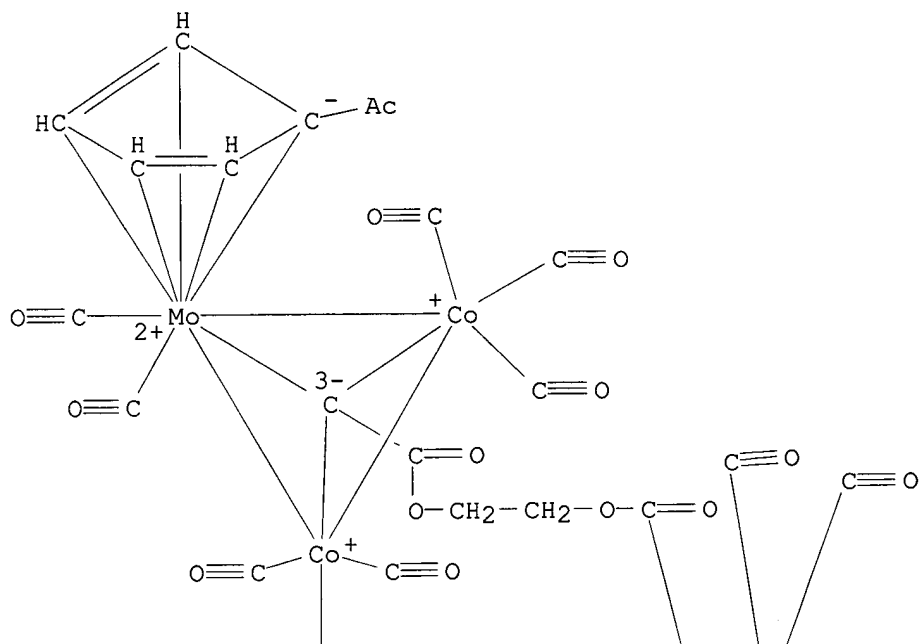




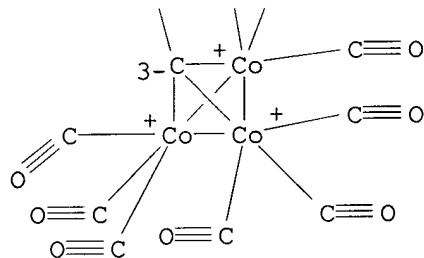
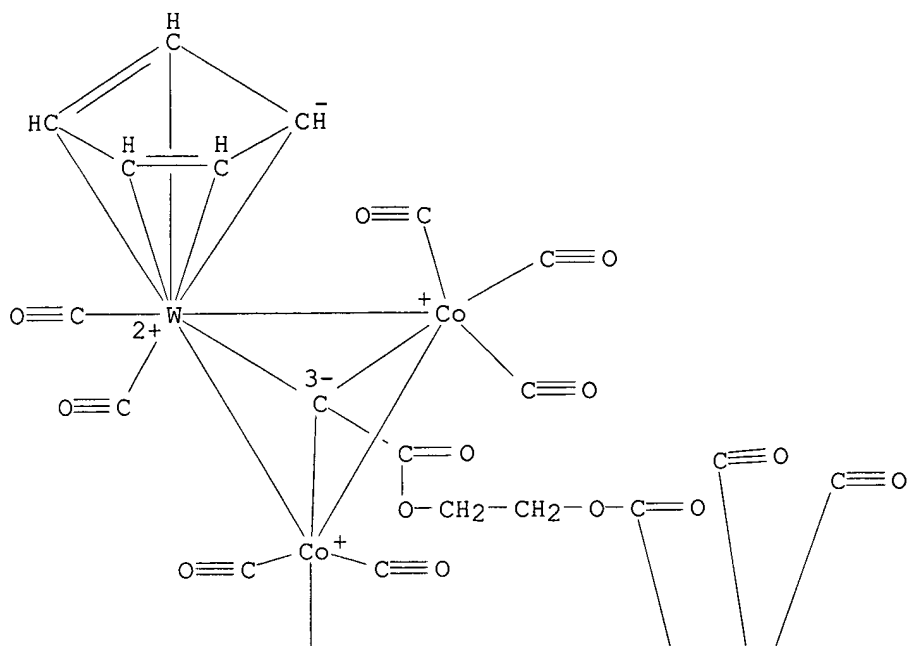
IT 247063-97-4P 247064-00-2P 247064-02-4P  
 247064-07-9P 247064-10-4P 247064-15-9P  
 247064-17-1P 247064-20-6P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of)  
 RN 247063-97-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Molybdenum, dicarbonyl(.eta.5-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl)[.mu.6-[1,2-ethanediy]bis[oxy(2-oxo-2-ethanyl-1-ylidene)]](pentadecacarbonylpentacobalt)-, (4Co-Co)(2Co-Mo) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



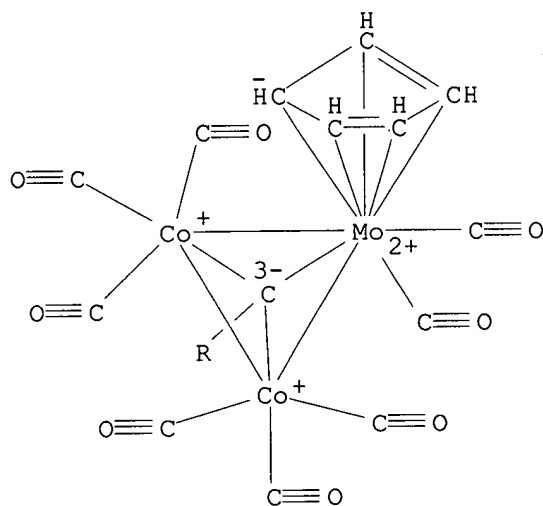
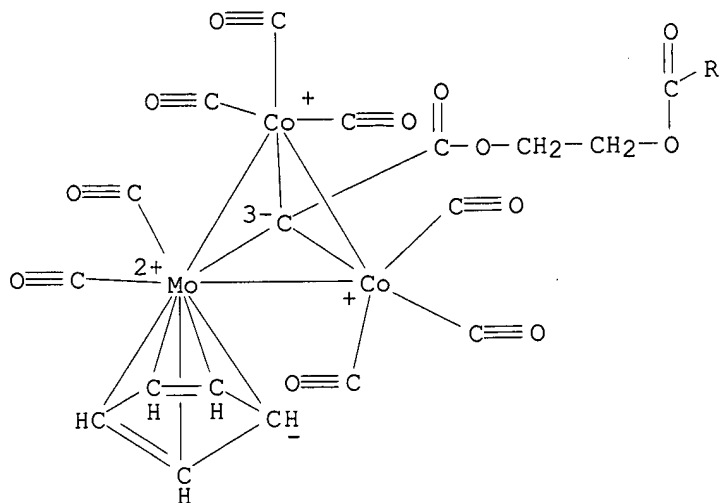
RN 247064-00-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Molybdenum, [(1,2,3,4,5-eta.)-1-acetyl-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl]dicarbonyl[.mu.6-[1,2-ethanedithiolate]bis[oxy(2-oxo-2-ethanyl-1-ylidene)]](pentadecacarbonylpentacobalt)-, (4Co-Co)(2Co-Mo)(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



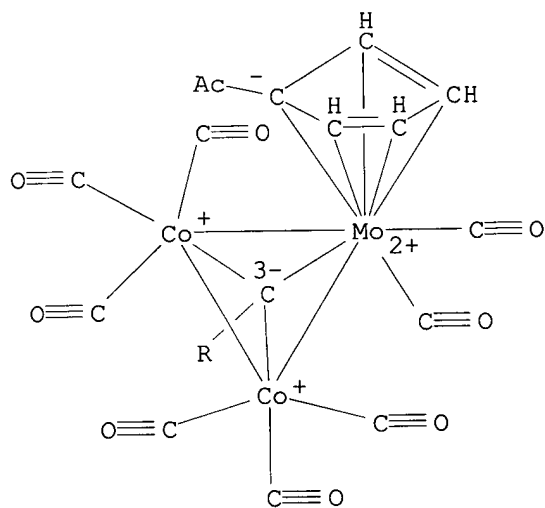
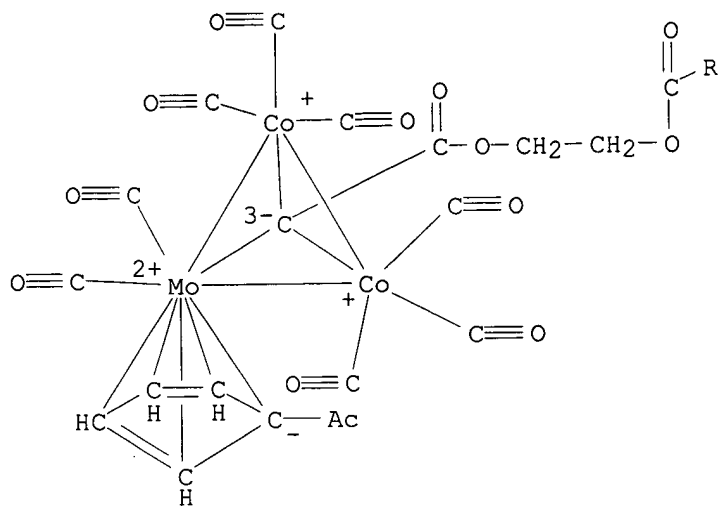
RN	247064-02-4	CAPLUS
CN	Tungsten, dicarbonyl(.eta.5-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl)[.mu.6-[1,2-ethanediylbis[oxy(2-oxo-2-ethanyl-1-ylidene)]]](pentadecacarbonylpentacobalt)-, (4Co-Co)(2Co-W)(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)	



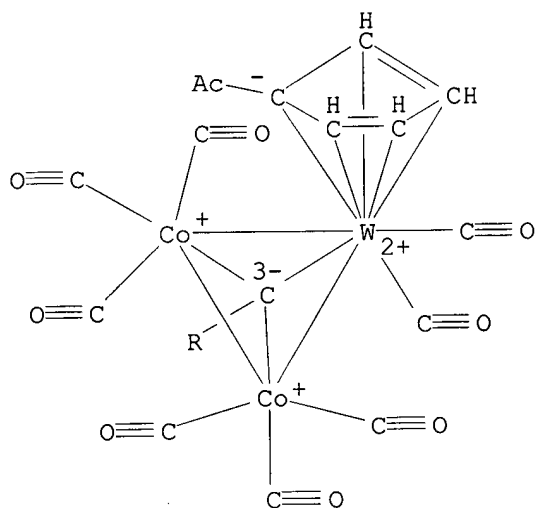
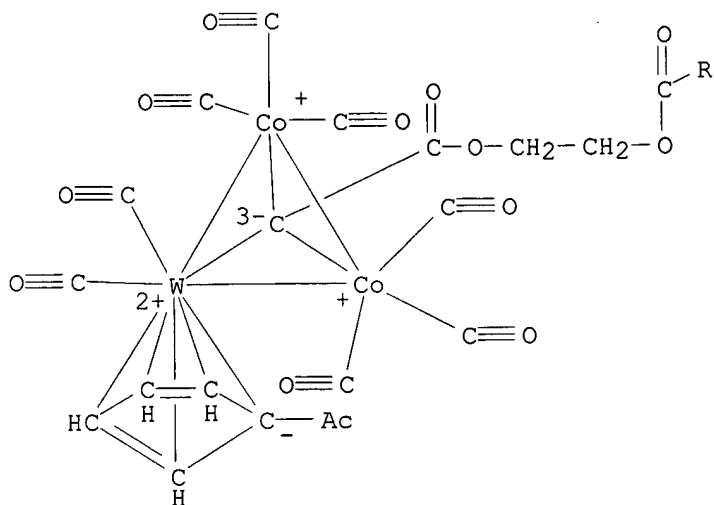
RN 247064-07-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Molybdenum, tetracarbonylbis(.eta.5-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl)[.mu.6-[1,2-ethanedithiolate]bis[oxy(2-oxo-2-ethyl-1-ylidene)]]bis(hexacarbonyldicobalt)di-, (2Co-Co)(4Co-Mo) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



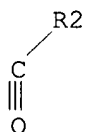
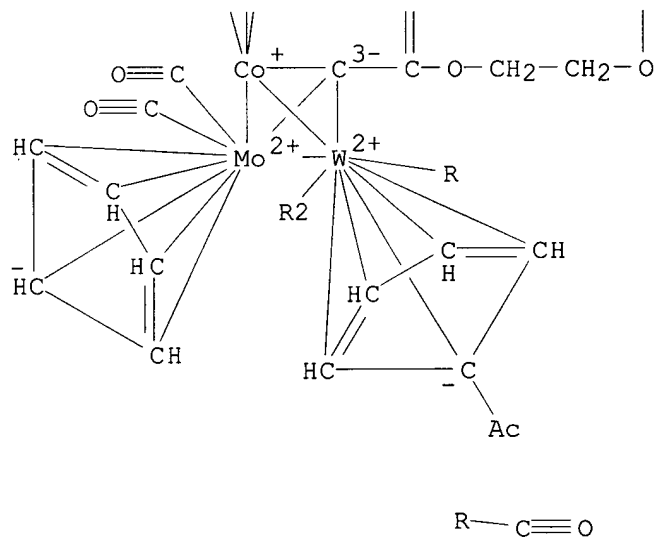
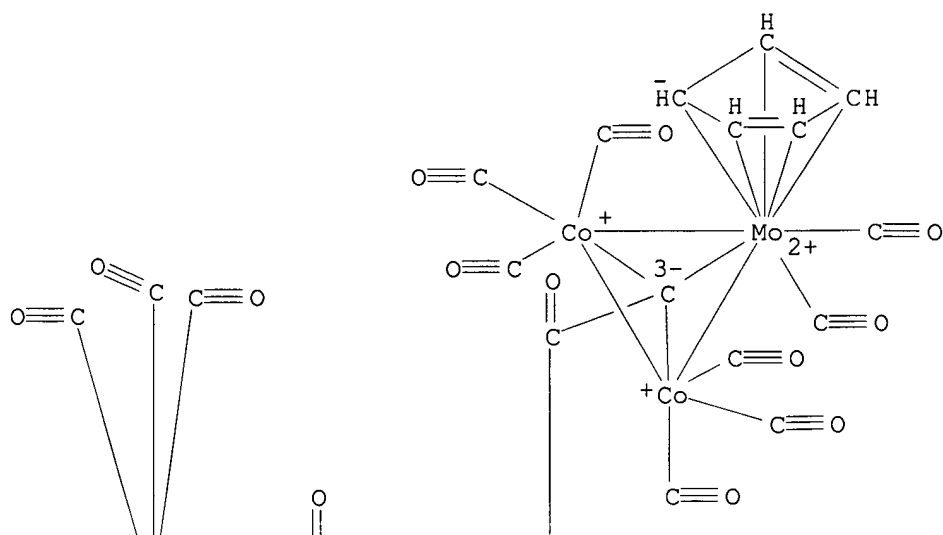
RN 247064-10-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Molybdenum, bis[(1,2,3,4,5-.eta.)-1-acetyl-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl]tetracarbonyl[.mu.6-[1,2-ethanediylbis[oxy(2-oxo-2-ethanyl-1-ylidene)]]]bis(hexacarbonyldicobalt)di-, (2Co-Co)(4Co-Mo) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 247064-15-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Tungsten, bis[(1,2,3,4,5-.eta.)-1-acetyl-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl]tetracarbonyl[.mu.-6-[1,2-ethanediylbis[oxy(2-oxo-2-ethanyl-1-ylidene)]]]bis(hexacarbonyldicobalt)di-, (2Co-Co)(4Co-W) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

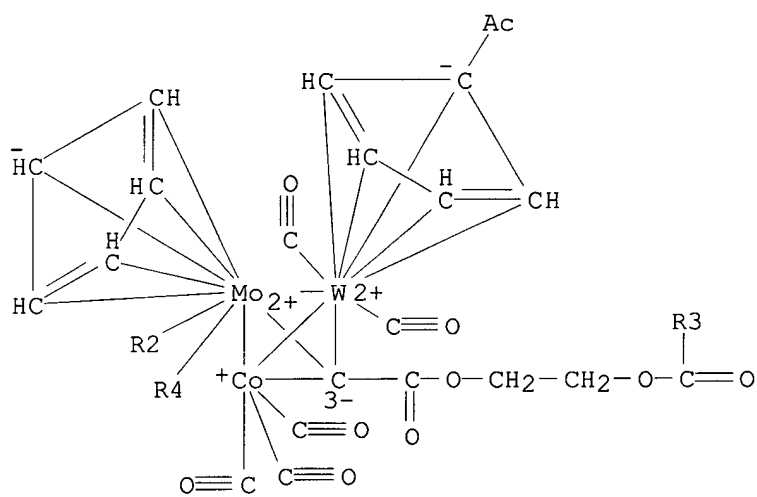
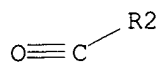
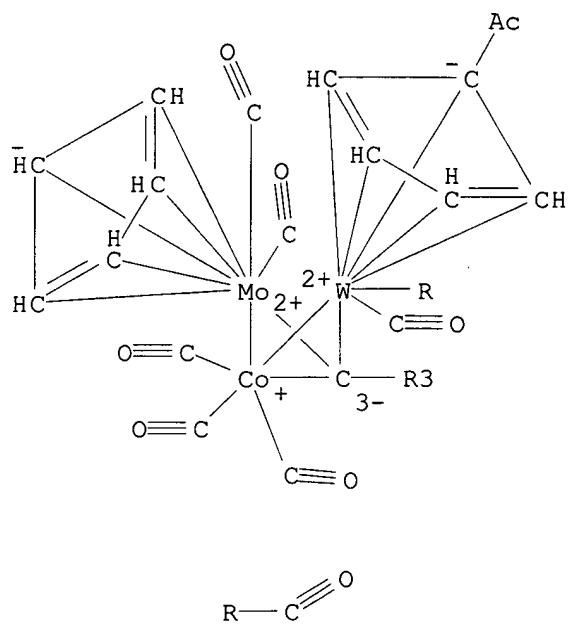


RN 247064-17-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Tungsten, [(1,2,3,4,5-eta.)-1-acetyl-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl]dicarbonylbis[dicarbonyl(.eta.5-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl)molybdenum][.mu.6-[1,2-ethanediylbis[oxy(2-oxo-2-ethanyl-1-ylidyne)]]](nonacarbonyltricobalt)-, (Co-Co)(3Co-Mo)(Co-W)(Mo-W) (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)



RN	247064-20-6	CAPLUS	
CN	<p>Tungsten, bis[(1,2,3,4,5-.eta.)-1-acetyl-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl]tetracarbonylbis[dicarbonyl(.eta.5-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl)molybdenum][.mu.6-[1,2-ethanediy]bis[oxy(2-oxo-2-ethanyl-1-ylidene)]]]bis(tricarbonylcobalt)-, (2Co-Mo)(2Co-W)(2Mo-W) (9CI) (CA</p>		



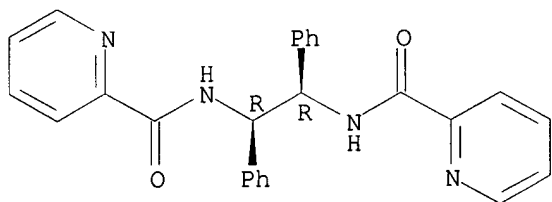


L4 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AB Complexes of a selected class of chiral ligands with general formula  
 CyN-(C:O)-X-C\*R1R3-C\*R2R4-X-(C:O)-CyN (X = O, NH, NR; CyN = nitrogen  
 contg. heterocycle) with **molybdenum**, **tungsten** or  
**chromium**, preferably **molybdenum**, are effective as  
 catalysts in highly enantioselective and regioselective alkylation of  
 allylic substrates. Such compns. provide a versatile and low-cost  
 alternative to existing catalysts. Thus, PhCH:CHCH2OCO2Me reacts with  
 NaHC(CO2Me)2 in refluxing THF in the presence of [(EtCN)3Mo(CO)3] and  
 chiral ligand N,N'-1R,2R-cyclohexanediylbis(2-pyridinecarboxamide) to give  
 alkylated products in 88% isolated yield with a regioselectivity of 32:1  
 in favor of the branched (S)-PhCH[CH(CO2Me)2]CH:CH2 product (99% ee) over  
 the linear product PhCH:CHCH2CH(CO2Me)2.

AN 1999:421592 CAPLUS  
 DN 131:101904  
 TI **Molybdenum** bis(pyridinecarboxamide) chiral ligand complex  
 catalytic compositions and methods for asymmetric allylic alkylation  
 IN Trost, Barry M.; Hachiya, Iwao  
 PA The Board of Trustees of the Leland Stanford Junior University, USA;  
 Chirotech Technology Limited  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9932225	A2	19990701	WO 1998-GB3850	19981221
	WO 9932225	A3	19991104		
	W:		AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM		
	RW:		GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG		
	AU 9917711	A1	19990712	AU 1999-17711	19981221
PRAI	US 1997-68128		19971219		
	WO 1998-GB3850		19981221		
OS	CASREACT 131:101904; MARPAT 131:101904				
IT	230312-36-4D, <b>molybdenum</b> , <b>tungsten</b> and <b>chromium</b> complexes.				
	RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses) (catalyst for regioselective and enantioselective allylic alkylation)				
RN	230312-36-4 CAPLUS				
CN	2-Pyridinecarboxamide, N,N'-[(1R,2R)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2'-ethanediyl]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				

Absolute stereochemistry.

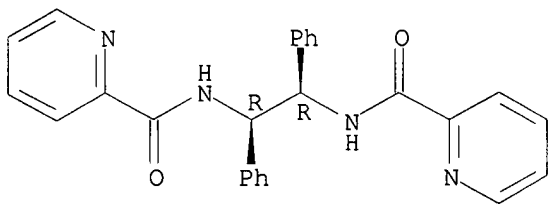


IT **230312-36-4**  
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)  
 (chiral ligand for **molybdenum** complex catalyst for  
 regioselective and enantioselective allylic alkylation)

RN 230312-36-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, N,N'-[(1R,2R)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2-ethanediyl]bis-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AB The higher-nuclearity cluster compd. [Co<sub>3</sub>(CO)<sub>9</sub>(.mu.<sub>3</sub>-C)C(O)OCH<sub>2</sub>]<sub>2</sub> (1) was isolated from the reaction of [Cl<sub>3</sub>CC(O)OCH<sub>2</sub>]<sub>2</sub> and Co<sub>2</sub>(CO)<sub>8</sub>, and its metal exchange reaction with Na[M(CO)<sub>3</sub>{.eta.<sup>5</sup>-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>4</sub>C(O)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>C(O)OMe}] (M = Mo or W) is discussed together with its structure detn. by single-crystal x-ray diffraction methods.

AN 1999:232442 CAPLUS

DN 130:338242

TI Synthesis, reactivity and crystal structure of a novel cluster  
[Co<sub>3</sub>(CO)<sub>9</sub>(.mu.<sub>3</sub>-C)C(O)OCH<sub>2</sub>]<sub>2</sub>

AU Zhang, Ji; Chen, Xue-Nian; Ding, Er-Run; Yin, Yuan-Qi; Sun, Jie

CS State Key Laboratory for Oxo Synthesis and Selective Oxidation, Lanzhou  
Institute of Chemical Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Lanzhou,  
730000, Peop. Rep. China

SO J. Chem. Res., Synop. (1999), (3), 224-225

CODEN: JRPSDC; ISSN: 0308-2342

PB Royal Society of Chemistry

DT Journal

LA English

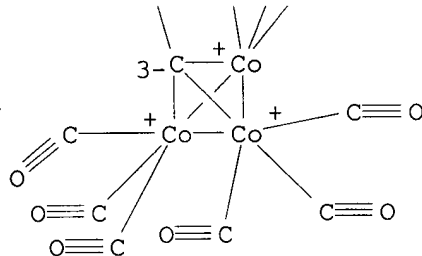
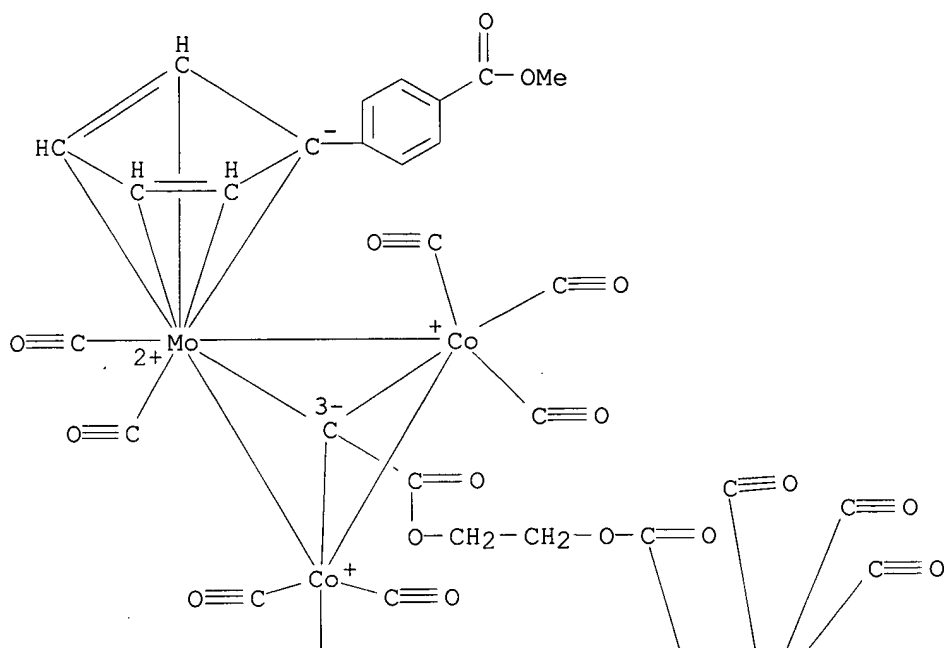
IT **224442-58-4P 224442-61-9P 224442-63-1P**

**224442-67-5P**

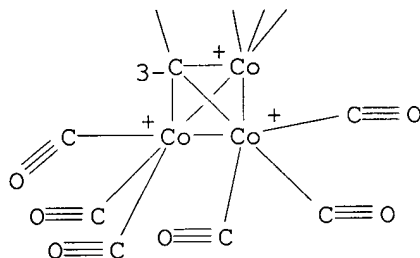
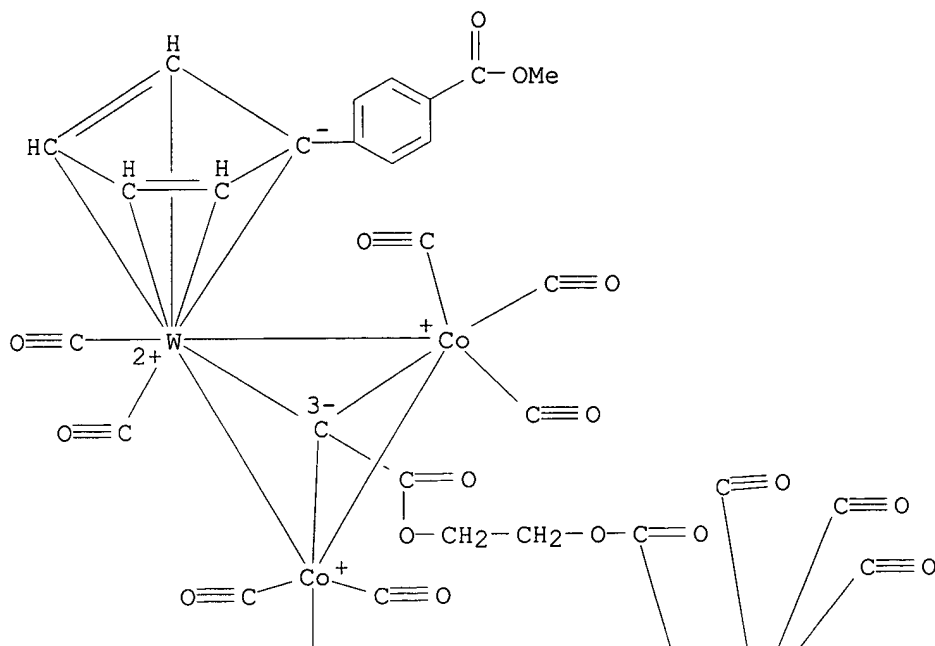
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

RN 224442-58-4 CAPLUS

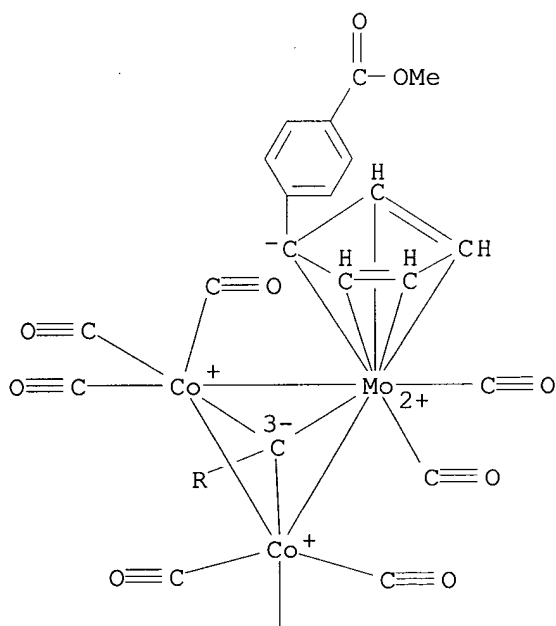
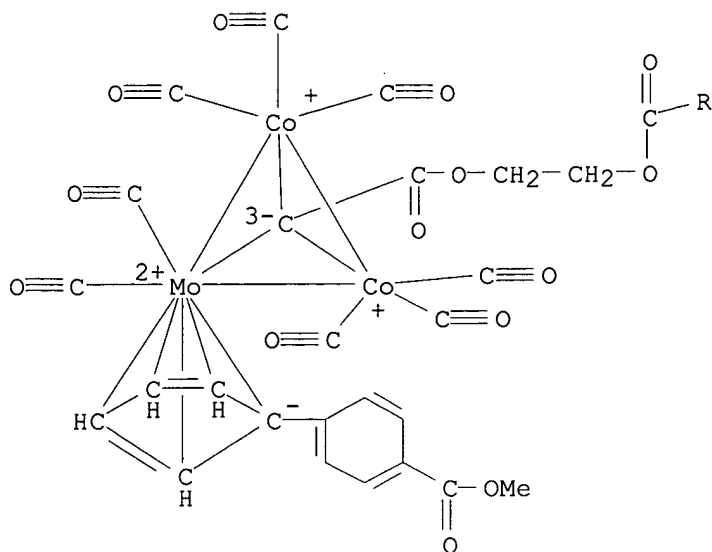
CN Molybdenum, dicarbonyl[.mu.<sub>6</sub>-[1,2-ethanediylbis[oxy(2-oxo-2-ethanyl-1-ylidyne)]]][(1,2,3,4,5-.eta.)-1-[4-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl](pentadecacarbonylpentacobalt)-, (4Co-Co)(2Co-Mo)  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



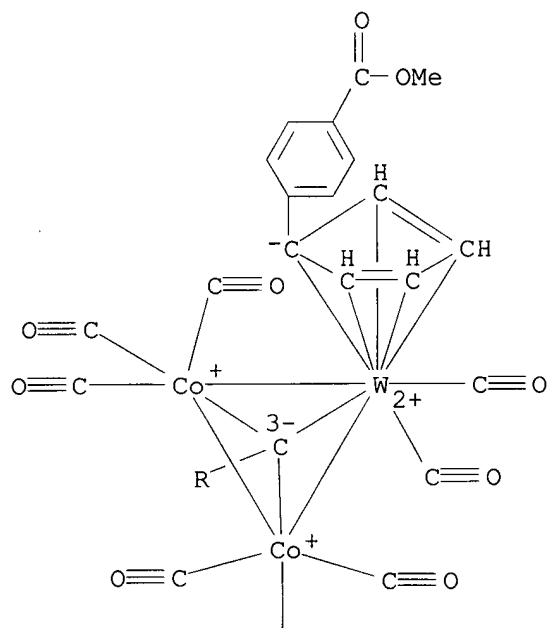
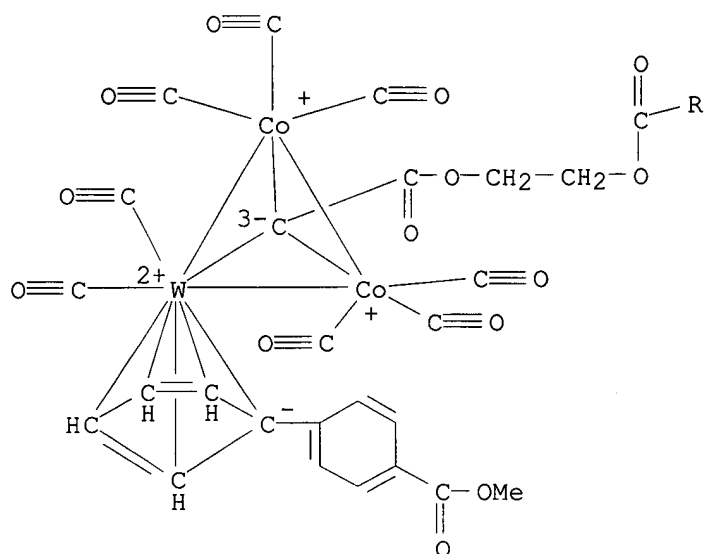
RN 224442-61-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Tungsten, dicarbonyl[.mu.-6-[1,2-ethanediylbis[oxy(2-oxo-2-ethanyl-1-ylidyne)]]][(1,2,3,4,5-.eta.)-1-[4-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl](pentadecacarbonylpentacobalt)-, (4Co-Co)(2Co-W) (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 224442-63-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Molybdenum, tetracarbonyl[.mu.6-[1,2-ethanediylbis[oxy(2-oxo-2-ethanyl-1-ylidyne)]]]bis[(1,2,3,4,5-.eta.)-1-[4-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl](dodecacarbonyltetracobalt)di-, (2Co-Co)(4Co-Mo) (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 224442-67-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Tungsten, tetracarbonyl[.mu.6-[1,2-ethanediylbis[oxy(2-oxo-2-ethanyl-1-ylidyne)]]]bis[(1,2,3,4,5-.eta.)-1-[4-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl](dodecacarbonyltetracobalt)di-, (2Co-Co)(4Co-W) (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 7

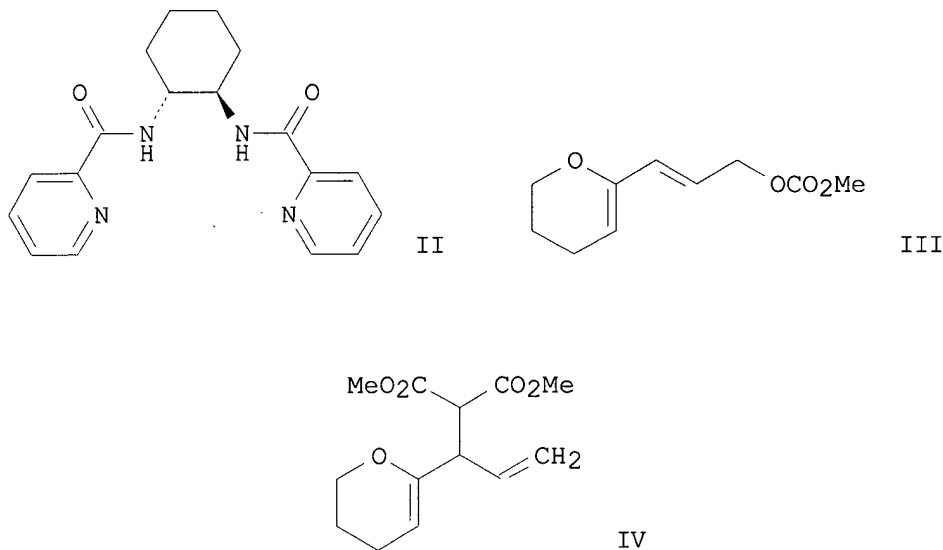
RE

(1) Ding, E; J Chem Res (S) 1998, P246 CAPLUS

- (2) Ding, E; J Organomet Chem 1998, V559, P157 CAPLUS
  - (3) Penfold, B; Acc Chem Res 1973, V6, P73 CAPLUS
  - (4) Seyferth, D; J Organomet Chem 1973, V50, P265 CAPLUS
  - (5) Vahrenkamp, H; Comments Inorg Chem 1985, V4, P253 CAPLUS
- ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT



L4 ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
GI



AB The title reaction was examd. using  $(\text{EtCN})_3\text{Mo}(\text{CO})_3$  (I) as catalyst and several diamine ligands. Thus, reacting  $\text{PhCH:CHCH:CHCH}_2\text{OCO}_2\text{Me}$  with  $(\text{MeO}_2\text{C})_2\text{CH}$  using I and diamine II gave  $(\text{MeO}_2\text{C})_2\text{CC}(\text{CH:CH}_2)\text{CH:CHPh}$  in 98% ee. Polyenyl carbonate III gave diester IV in 96% ee after 1.5 h.

AN 1999:680946 CAPLUS

DN 132:78124

TI Regio- and enantioselective **molybdenum**-catalyzed alkylations of polyenyl esters

AU Trost, Barry M.; Hildbrand, Stefan; Dogra, Kalindi

CS Department of Chemistry, Stanford University, Stanford, CA, 94305-5080, USA

SO J. Am. Chem. Soc. (1999), 121(44), 10416-10417

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 132:78124

IT **230312-36-4**

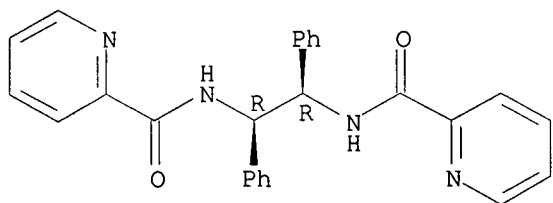
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(regio- and enantioselective **molybdenum**-catalyzed alkylation of polyenyl esters)

RN 230312-36-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, N,N'-[(1R,2R)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2-ethanediyl]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 20

RE

- (1) Adams, R; J Am Chem Soc 1979, V101, P2570 CAPLUS
- (2) Andersson, P; J Org Chem 1991, V56, P5349 CAPLUS
- (3) Faller, J; J Organomet Chem 1990, V383, P161 CAPLUS
- (4) Faller, J; Organometallics 1988, V7, P1670 CAPLUS
- (6) Glorius, F; Org Lett 1999, V1, P141 CAPLUS

=> s 13 and (Mo Or W or Cr or Molybdenum or Tungsten or Chromium)

5 L3  
 52071 MO  
 43281 MOS  
 93085 MO  
 (MO OR MOS)  
 1809 OR  
 377663 W  
 0 MO OR W  
 (MO(W) OR (W)W)  
 74685 CR  
 1187 CRS  
 75602 CR  
 (CR OR CRS)  
 56308 MOLYBDENUM  
 5 MOLYBDENUMS  
 56309 MOLYBDENUM  
 (MOLYBDENUM OR MOLYBDENUMS)  
 73936 TUNGSTEN  
 22 TUNGSTENS  
 73936 TUNGSTEN  
 (TUNGSTEN OR TUNGSTENS)  
 81588 CHROMIUM  
 22 CHROMIUMS  
 81591 CHROMIUM  
 (CHROMIUM OR CHROMIUMS)

L5 3 L3 AND (MO OR W OR CR OR MOLYBDENUM OR TUNGSTEN OR CHROMIUM)

=> d abs bib fhitstr 1-3

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 3 USPATFULL

AB The present invention contemplates a compound defined by the following formula: ##STR1## that inhibits the binding between the VLA-4 and the fibronectin CS-1 compound. Pharmaceutical compositions containing a contemplated compound and methods for treating immunoinflammatory conditions using the compound are also disclosed.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AN 1999:92778 USPATFULL

TI CS-1 peptidomimetics, compositions and methods of using the same

IN Arrhenius, Thomas S., San Diego, CA, United States

Ellices, Mariano J., San Diego, CA, United States

Gaeta, Federico C. A., Olivenhain, CA, United States

PA Cytel Corporation, San Diego, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5936065 19990810

AI US 1995-462424 19950605 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-349024, filed on 2 Dec 1994, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-164101, filed on 6 Dec 1993, now abandoned

DT Utility

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Tsang, Cecilia J.; Assistant Examiner: Lukton, David

LREP Campbell & Flores LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 2

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 8 Drawing Figure(s); 7 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3625

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

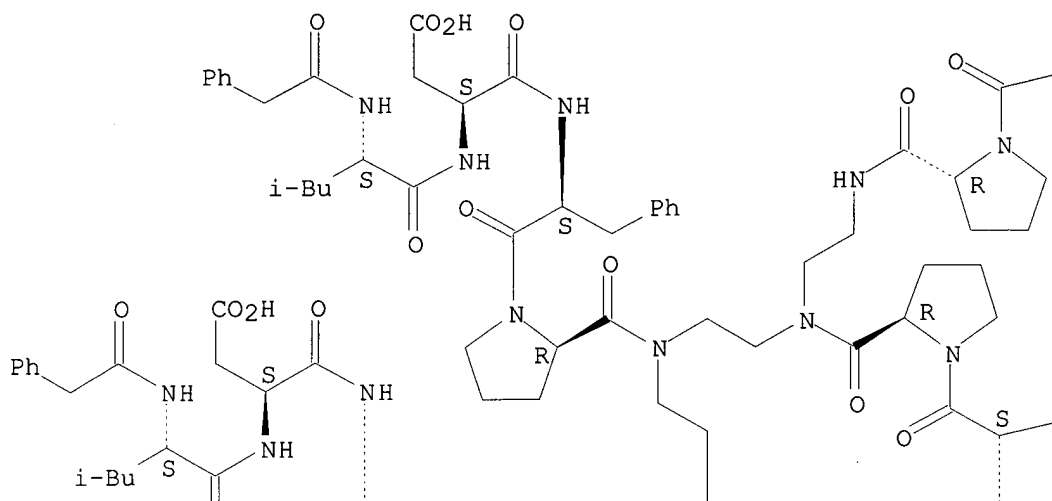
IT 209600-98-6

(fibronectin CS-1 peptidomimetics for inhibiting binding of CS-1 to

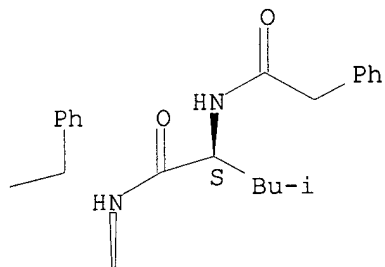
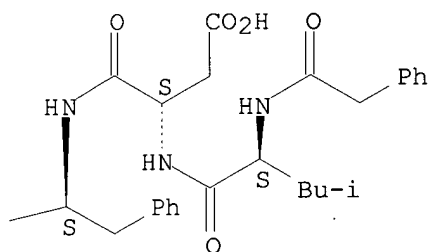
VLA-4 and for treating immunoinflammatory conditions)  
 RN 209600-98-6 USPTAFULL  
 CN D-Proline, N-(phenylacetyl)-L-leucyl-L-.alpha.-aspartyl-L-phenylalanyl-,  
 4,4',4'',4''',4''''-pentaamide with N-(2-aminoethyl)-N'-[2-[(2-  
 aminoethyl)amino]ethyl]-1,2-ethanediamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

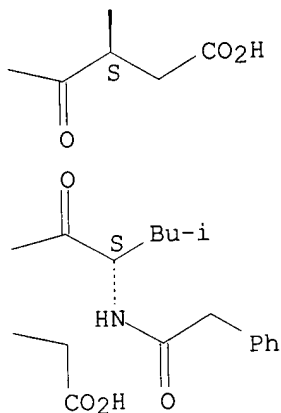
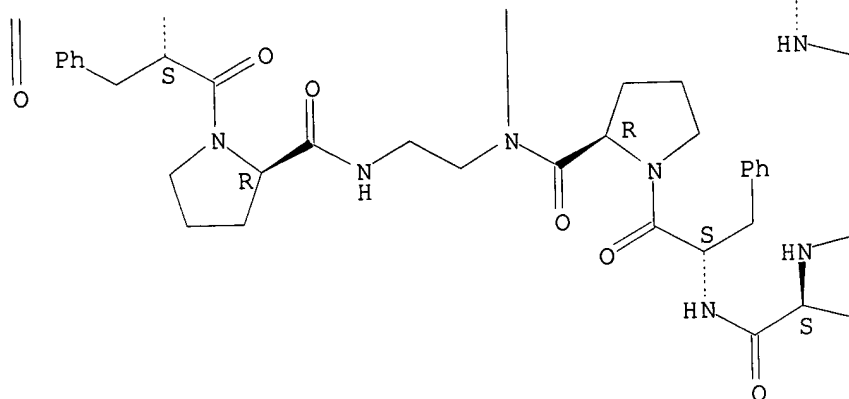
Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B





L5 ANSWER 2 OF 3 USPATFULL

AB The present invention contemplates a compound defined by the following formula: ##STR1## that inhibits the binding between the VLA-4 and the fibronectin CS-1 compound. Pharmaceutical compositions containing a contemplated compound and methods for treating immunoinflammatory conditions using the compound are also disclosed.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AN 1998:124555 USPATFULL

TI CS-1 peptidomimetics, compositions and methods of using same

IN Arrhenius, Thomas S., San Diego, CA, United States

Elices, Mariano J., San Diego, CA, United States

Gaeta, Federico C. A., Olivenhain, CA, United States

PA Cytel Corporation, San Diego, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5821231 19981013

AI US 1995-461056 19950605 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-349024, filed on 2 Dec 1994 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-164101, filed on 6 Dec 1993, now abandoned

DT Utility

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Tsang, Cecilia J.; Assistant Examiner: Gupta, Anish

LREP Campbell & Flores LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 25

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 8 Drawing Figure(s); 7 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3766

IT 209600-98-6P

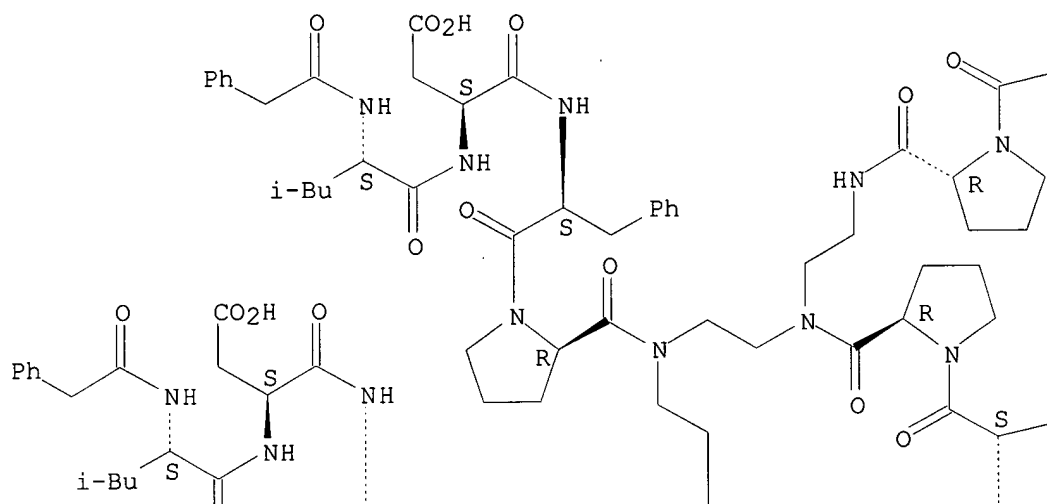
(prepn. of CS-1 peptidomimetics and their compns.)

RN 209600-98-6 USPTAFULL

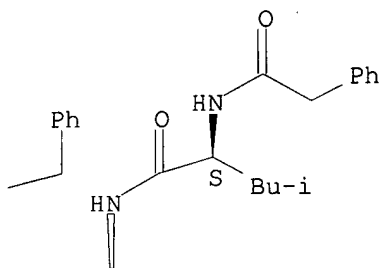
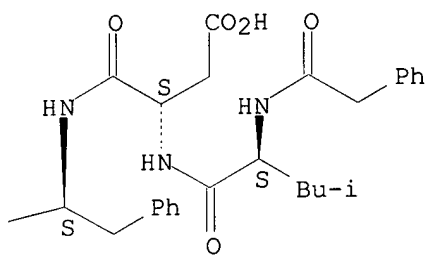
CN D-Proline, N-(phenylacetyl)-L-leucyl-L-.alpha.-aspartyl-L-phenylalanyl-,  
4,4',4'',4''',4''''-pentaamide with N-(2-aminoethyl)-N'-[2-[(2-  
aminoethyl)amino]ethyl]-1,2-ethanediamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

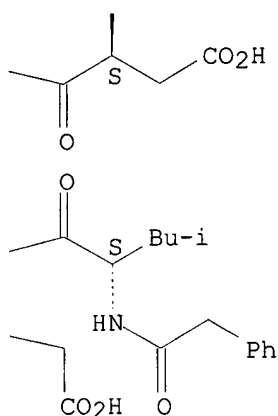
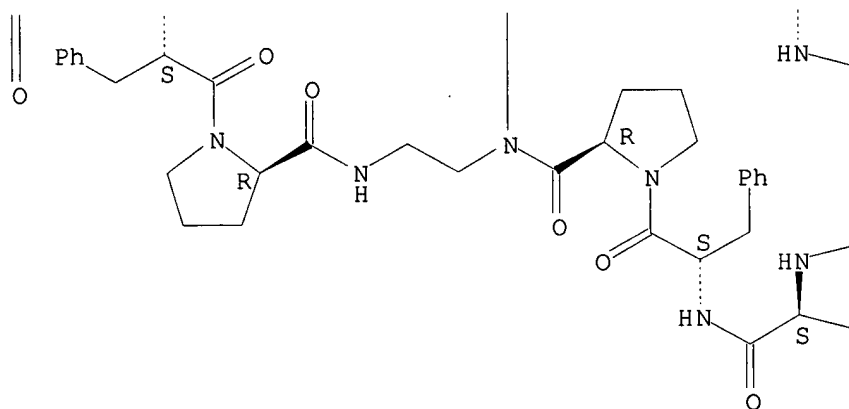
Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B





L5 ANSWER 3 OF 3 USPATFULL

AB The present invention contemplates a compound defined by the following formula: ##STR1## that inhibits the binding between the VLA-4 and the fibronectin CS-1 compound. Pharmaceutical compositions containing a contemplated compound and methods for treating immunoinflammatory conditions using the compound are also disclosed.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AN 1998:72598 USPATFULL  
 TI CS-1 peptidomimetics, compositions and methods of using the same  
 IN Arrhenius, Thomas S., San Diego, CA, United States  
 Elices, Mariano J., San Diego, CA, United States  
 Gaeta, Federico C.A., Olivenhain, CA, United States  
 PA Cytel Corporation, San Diego, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)  
 PI US 5770573 19980623  
 AI US 1995-462219 19950605 (8)  
 RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-349024, filed on 2 Dec 1994  
 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-164101, filed on 6  
 Dec 1993, now abandoned  
 DT Utility  
 EXNAM Primary Examiner: Tsang, Cecilia J.; Assistant Examiner: Gupta, Anish  
 LREP Campbell & Flores LLP  
 CLMN Number of Claims: 14  
 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
 DRWN 8 Drawing Figure(s); 7 Drawing Page(s)

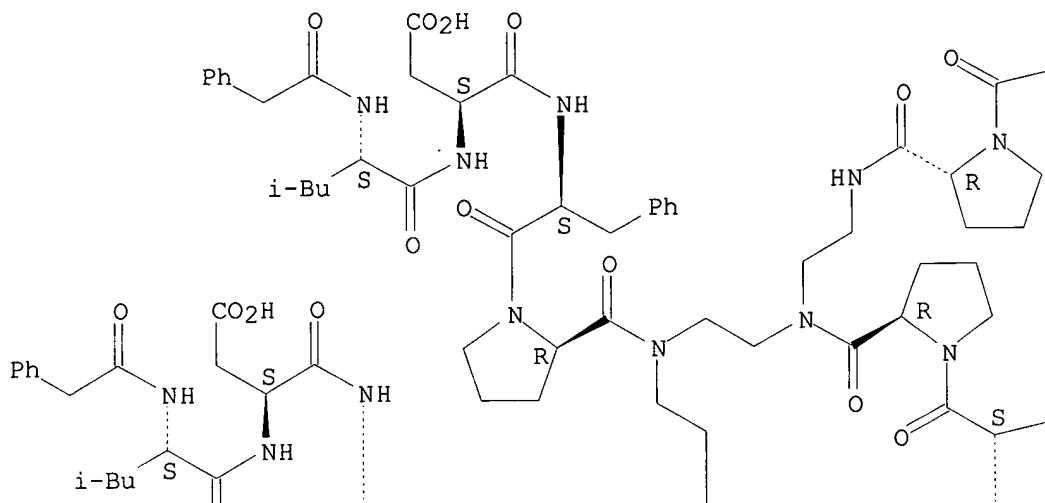
(prepn. of CS-1 peptidomimetics and their compns.)

RN 209600-98-6 USPATFULL

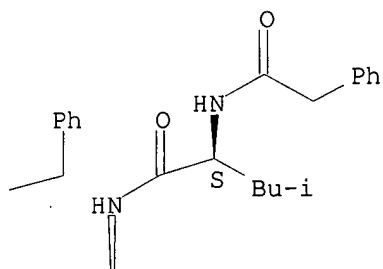
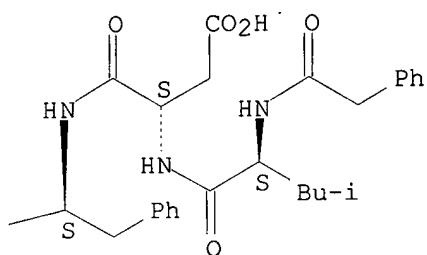
CN D-Proline, N-(phenylacetyl)-L-leucyl-L-.alpha.-aspartyl-L-phenylalanyl-,  
 4,4',4'',4''',4''''-pentaamide with N-(2-aminoethyl)-N'-[2-[(2-  
 aminoethyl)amino]ethyl]-1,2-ethanediamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

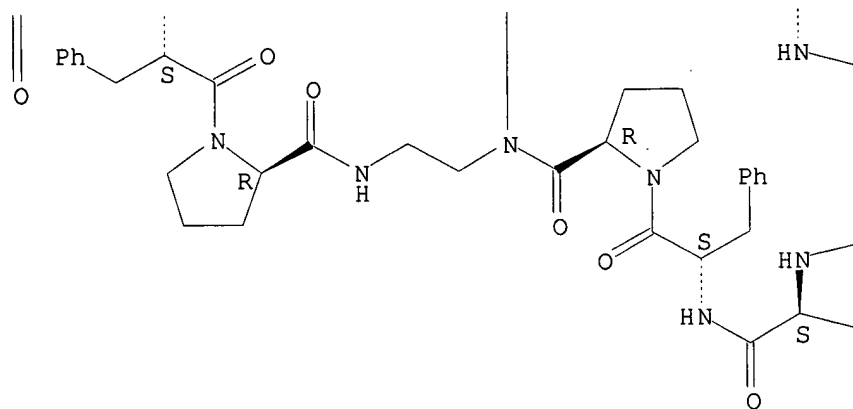


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